



Improving Knowledge-aware Recommendation with Multi-level Interactive Contrastive Learning

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(CIKM-2022) <https://github.com/CCIIPLab/KGIC>





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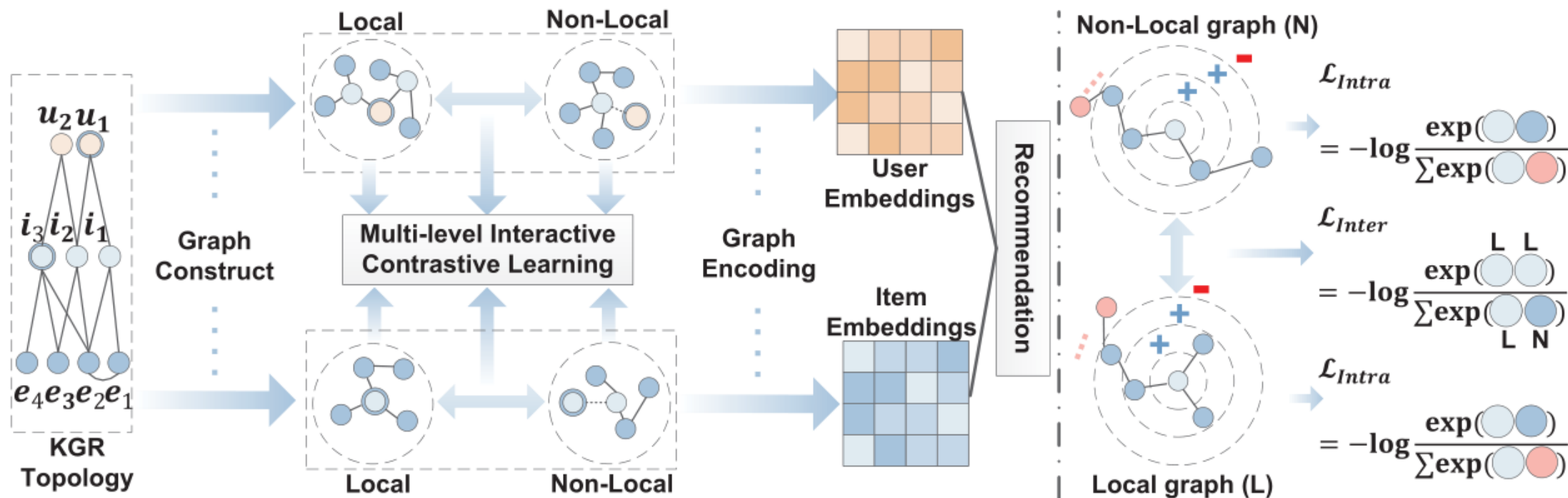


Introduction

Problem:

the GNN-based methods ignores the non-local KG facts
(neighboring areas of similar items)

the combination of sparse interactions and redundant KG
facts results in an unbalanced information utilization



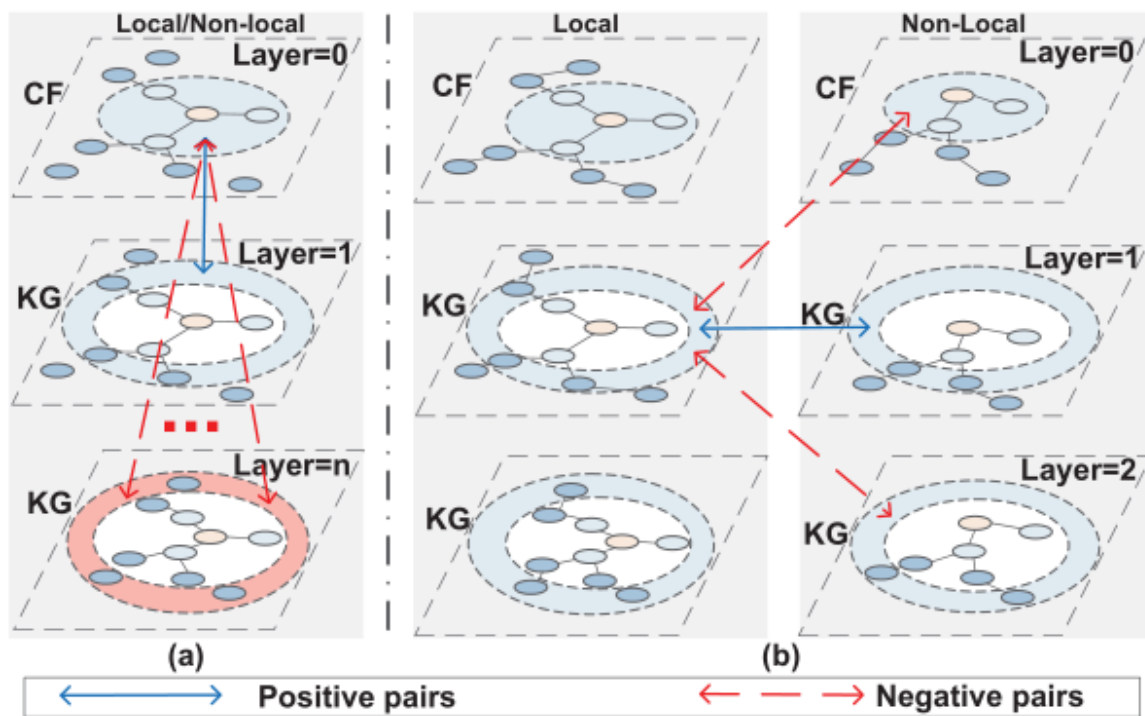
$$\mathcal{U} = \{u_1, u_2, \dots, u_M\}$$

$$Y \in \mathbb{R}^{M \times N}$$

$$\mathcal{V} = \{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_N\}$$

$$\mathcal{A} = \{(v, e) | v \in \mathcal{V}, e \in \mathcal{E}\}$$

Introduction

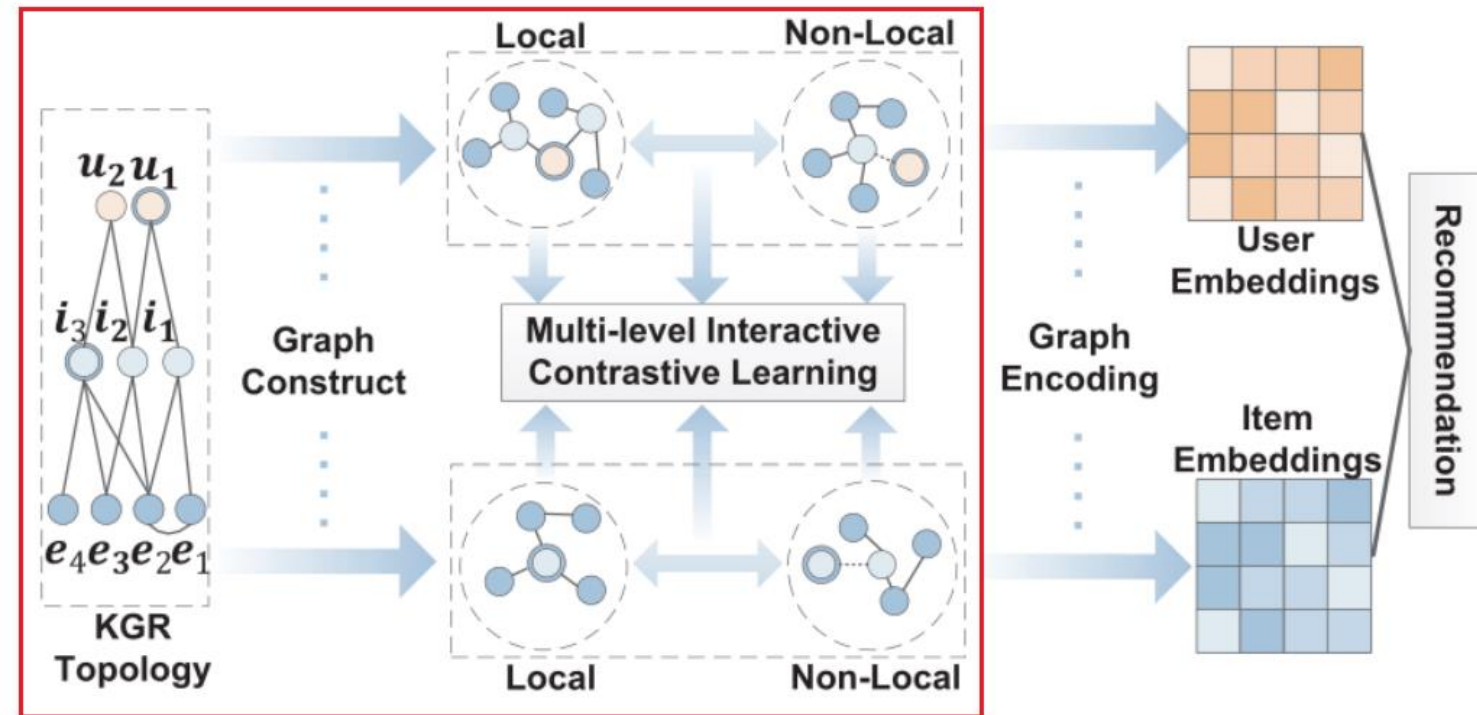


Intra-graph

unifying the CF and KG information, having a consistent and sufficient representation learning

Inter-graph

extract more informative KG signals



Local

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{E}_{u,L}^0 &= \{e \mid (v, e) \in \mathcal{A}, \text{ and } v \in \{v \mid y_{uv} = 1\}\}, \\ \mathcal{E}_{v,L}^0 &= \{e \mid (v, e) \in \mathcal{A}\}, \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

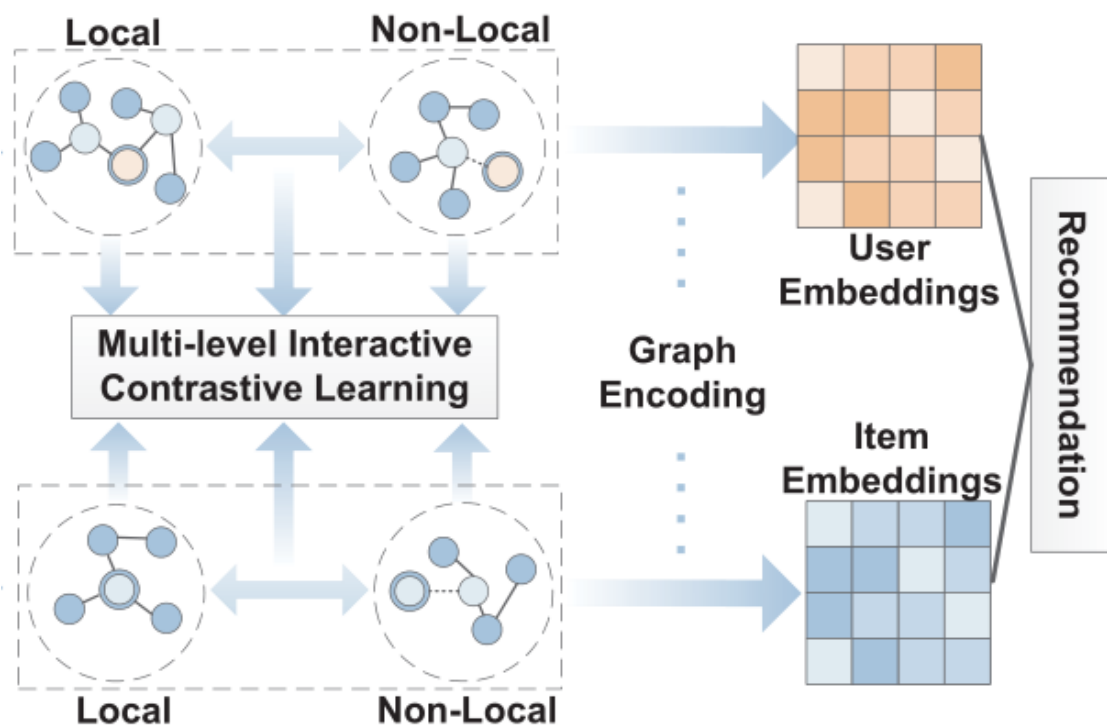
$$\mathcal{S}_{o,L}^l = \{(h, r, t) \mid (h, r, t) \in \mathcal{G} \text{ and } h \in \mathcal{E}_{o,L}^{l-1}\}, l = 1, \dots, L, \quad (2)$$

Non-Local

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{V}_p &= \{v_p \mid u \in \mathcal{U}_{\text{sim}}, \text{ and } y_{uv_p} = 1\}, \\ \mathcal{U}_{\text{sim}} &= \{u_{\text{sim}} \mid v \in \{v \mid y_{uv} = 1\} \text{ and } y_{u_{\text{sim}}v} = 1\}, \\ \mathcal{V}_u &= \{v_u \mid u \in \{u \mid y_{uv} = 1\} \text{ and } y_{uv_u} = 1\}, \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{E}_{u,N}^0 &= \{e \mid (v_p, e) \in \mathcal{A}, \text{ and } v_p \in \mathcal{V}_p\}, \\ \mathcal{E}_{v,N}^0 &= \{e \mid (v_u, e) \in \mathcal{A}, \text{ and } v_u \in \mathcal{V}_u\}. \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

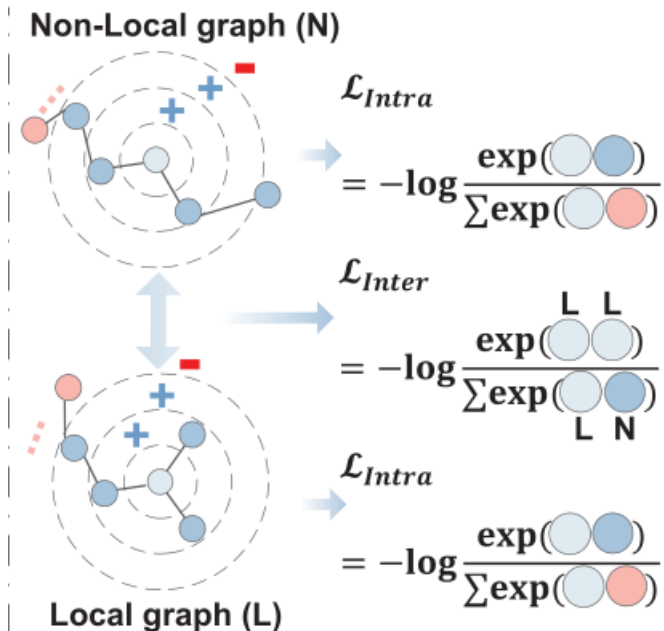
$$\mathcal{S}_{o,N}^l = \{(h, r, t) \mid (h, r, t) \in \mathcal{G} \text{ and } h \in \mathcal{E}_{o,N}^{l-1}\}, l = 1, \dots, L. \quad (5)$$



$$E_{o,D}^l = \sum_{i=1}^m \pi(e_i^h, r_i) e_i^t, \quad (6)$$

$$\pi(e_i^h, r_i) = \sigma(W_1 [\sigma(W_0(e_i^h || r_i) + b_0)] + b_1),$$

$$\pi(e_i^h, r_i) = \frac{\exp(\pi(e_i^h, r_i))}{\sum_{(h', r', t') \in S_{o,D}^l} \exp(\pi(e_i^{h'}, r_i'))}, \quad (7)$$

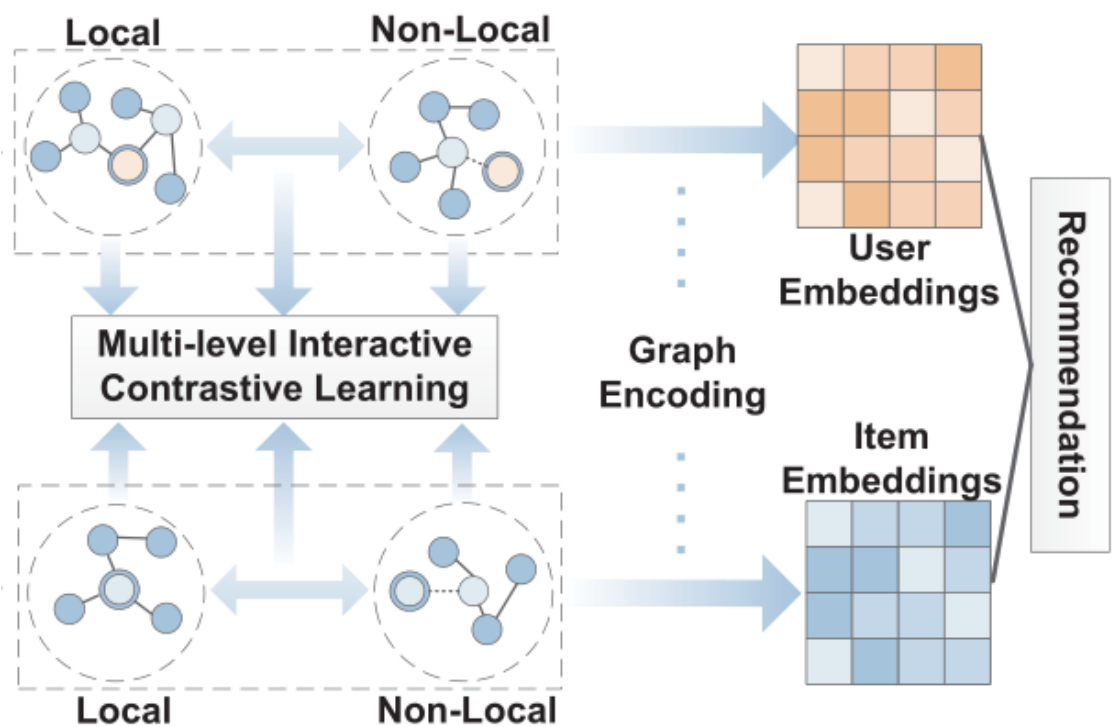


$$\mathcal{L}_{Inter} = \mathcal{L}_{Inter}^U + \mathcal{L}_{Inter}^I \quad (11)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{Intra}^U &= \sum_{u \in \mathcal{U}} -\log \frac{\sum_{k \in L} e^{((\mathbf{E}_{u,L}^{(0)} \cdot \mathbf{E}_{u,L}^{(k)}) / \tau)}}{\underbrace{\sum_{k \in L} e^{((\mathbf{E}_{u,L}^{(0)} \cdot \mathbf{E}_{u,L}^{(k)}) / \tau)}}_{\text{positive pair}} + \underbrace{\sum_{k' > L} e^{((\mathbf{E}_{u,L}^{(0)} \cdot \mathbf{E}_{u,L}^{(k')}) / \tau)}}_{\text{intra-graph negative pair}}} \\ &+ \sum_{u \in \mathcal{U}} -\log \frac{\sum_{k \in L} e^{((\mathbf{E}_{u,N}^{(0)} \cdot \mathbf{E}_{u,N}^{(k)}) / \tau)}}{\underbrace{\sum_{k \in L} e^{((\mathbf{E}_{u,N}^{(0)} \cdot \mathbf{E}_{u,N}^{(k)}) / \tau)}}_{\text{positive pair}} + \underbrace{\sum_{k' > L} e^{((\mathbf{E}_{u,N}^{(0)} \cdot \mathbf{E}_{u,N}^{(k')}) / \tau)}}_{\text{intra-graph negative pair}}}, \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{Intra} = \mathcal{L}_{Intra}^U + \mathcal{L}_{Intra}^I \quad (9)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{Inter}^U &= \sum_{u \in \mathcal{U}} \sum_{k \in L} -\log \frac{e^{((\mathbf{E}_{u,L}^{(k)} \cdot \mathbf{E}_{u,N}^{(k)}) / \tau)}}{\underbrace{e^{((\mathbf{E}_{u,L}^{(k)} \cdot \mathbf{E}_{u,N}^{(k)}) / \tau)}}_{\text{positive pair}} + \underbrace{\sum_{k' \neq k} e^{((\mathbf{E}_{u,L}^{(k)} \cdot \mathbf{E}_{u,N}^{(k')}) / \tau)}}_{\text{inter-graph negative pair}}} \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{e}_u &= \mathbf{E}_{u,L}^0 \parallel \dots \parallel \mathbf{E}_{u,L}^L \parallel \mathbf{E}_{u,N}^0 \parallel \dots \parallel \mathbf{E}_{u,N}^L, \\
 \mathbf{e}_i &= \mathbf{E}_{i,L}^0 \parallel \dots \parallel \mathbf{E}_{i,L}^L \parallel \mathbf{E}_{i,N}^0 \parallel \dots \parallel \mathbf{E}_{i,N}^L, \\
 \hat{y}(u, i) &= \mathbf{e}_u^\top \mathbf{e}_i.
 \end{aligned} \tag{12}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{BPR}} = \sum_{(u,i,j) \in O} -\ln \sigma(\hat{y}_{ui} - \hat{y}_{uj}), \tag{13}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{KGIC}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{BPR}} + \lambda_1(\alpha \mathcal{L}_{\text{Intra}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{Inter}}) + \lambda_2 \|\Theta\|_2^2, \tag{14}$$



Experiment

		Book-Crossing	MovieLens-1M	Last.FM
User-item Interaction	# users	17,860	6,036	1,872
	# items	14,967	2,445	3,846
	# interactions	139,746	753,772	42,346
Knowledge Graph	# entities	77,903	182,011	9,366
	# relations	25	12	60
	# triplets	151,500	1,241,996	15,518
Hyper- parameter Settings	# η	4×10^{-3}	4×10^{-3}	4×10^{-3}
	# λ_1	1×10^{-6}	1×10^{-7}	1×10^{-6}
	# λ_2	1×10^{-4}	1×10^{-5}	1×10^{-4}

Table 1: Statistics and hyper-parameter settings for the three datasets. (η : learning rate, λ_1 : constrastive loss weight, λ_2 : L2 regularizer weight.)

Experiment

Model	Book-Crossing		MovieLens-1M		Last.FM	
	<i>AUC</i>	<i>F1</i>	<i>AUC</i>	<i>F1</i>	<i>AUC</i>	<i>F1</i>
BPRMF	0.6583(-11.66%)	0.6117(-6.95%)	0.8920(-3.32%)	0.7921(-6.38%)	0.7563(-10.29%)	0.7010(-7.43%)
CKE	0.6759(-9.90%)	0.6235(-5.77%)	0.9065(-1.87%)	0.8024(-5.35%)	0.7471(-11.21%)	0.6740(-10.13%)
RippleNet	0.7211(-5.38%)	0.6472(-3.40%)	0.9190(-0.62%)	0.8422(-1.37%)	0.7762(-8.30%)	0.7025(-7.28%)
PER	0.6048(-17.01%)	0.5726(-10.86%)	0.7124(-21.28%)	0.6670(-18.89%)	0.6414(-21.78%)	0.6033(-17.20%)
KGCN	0.6841(-9.08%)	0.6313(-4.99%)	0.9090(-1.62%)	0.8366(-1.93%)	0.8027(-5.65%)	0.7086(-6.67%)
KGNN-LS	0.6762(-9.87%)	0.6314(-4.98%)	0.9140(-1.12%)	0.8410(-1.49%)	0.8052(-5.40%)	0.7224(-5.29%)
KGAT	0.7314(-4.35%)	0.6544(-2.68%)	0.9140(-1.12%)	0.8440(-1.19%)	0.8293(-2.99%)	0.7424(-3.29%)
CKAN	0.7420(-3.29%)	0.6671(-1.41%)	0.9082(-1.70%)	0.8410(-1.49%)	0.8418(-1.74%)	0.7592(-1.61%)
KGIN	0.7273(-4.76%)	0.6614(-1.98%)	<u>0.9190</u> (-0.62%)	<u>0.8441</u> (-1.18%)	<u>0.8486</u> (-1.06%)	<u>0.7602</u> (-1.51%)
CG-KGR	<u>0.7498</u> (-2.51%)	<u>0.6689</u> (-1.23%)	0.9110(-1.42%)	0.8359(-2.00%)	0.8336(-2.56%)	0.7433(-3.20%)
KGIC	0.7749*	0.6812*	0.9252*	0.8559*	0.8592*	0.7753*

Table 2: The result of *AUC* and *F1* in CTR prediction. The best results are in boldface and the second best results are underlined.

* denotes statistically significant improvement by unpaired two-sample *t*-test with $p < 0.001$.

Experiment

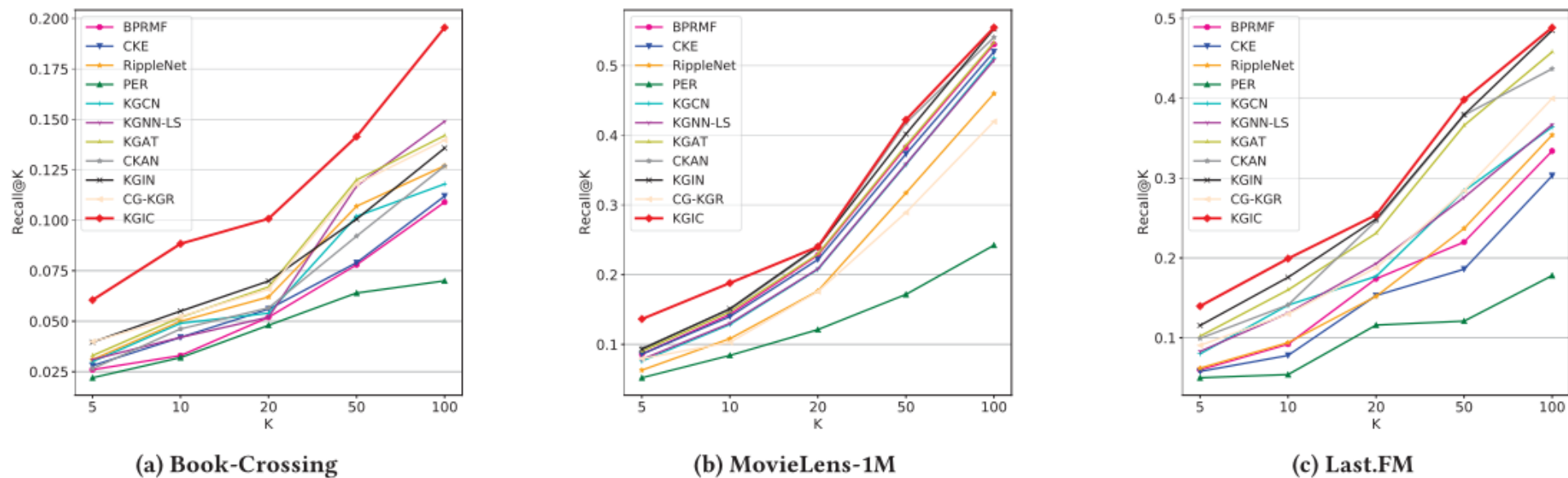


Figure 3: The result of Recall@K in top-K recommendation.

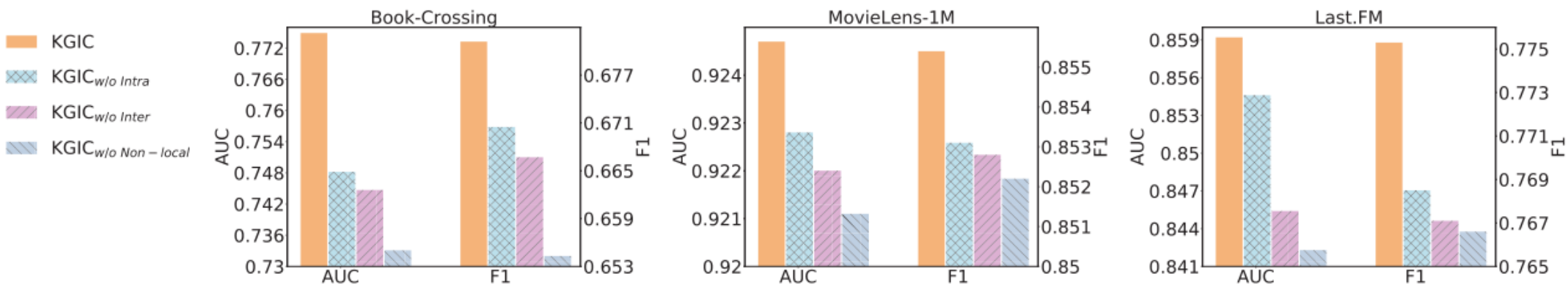


Figure 4: Effect of ablation study.

Experiment

	Book		Movie		Music	
	Auc	F1	Auc	F1	Auc	F1
$L=1$	0.7749	0.6812	0.9241	0.8551	0.8482	0.7692
$L=2$	0.7689	0.6705	0.9252	0.8559	0.8592	0.7753
$L=3$	0.7513	0.6718	0.9203	0.8521	0.8511	0.7694

Table 3: Impact of model depth.

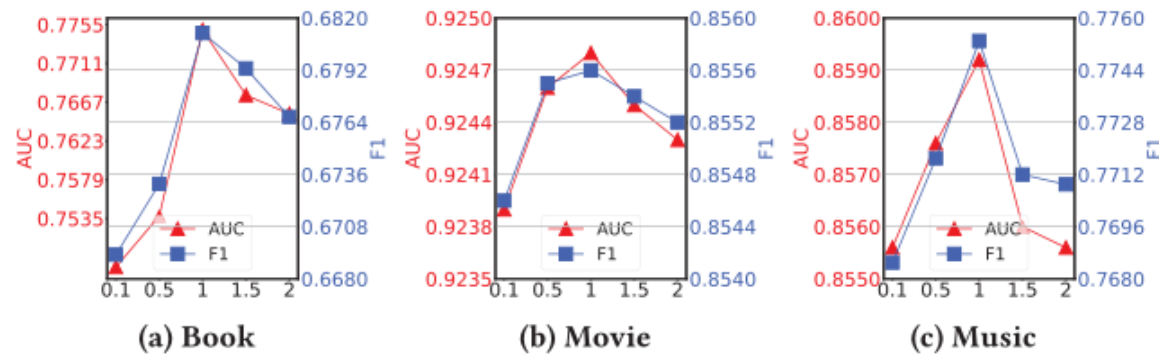


Figure 5: Impact of coefficient α .

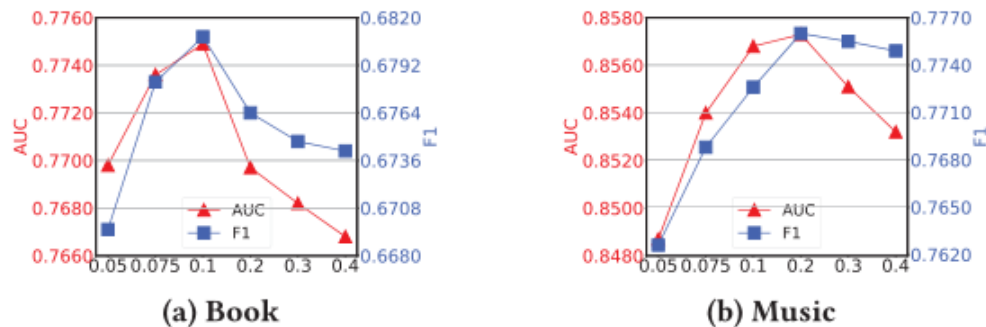
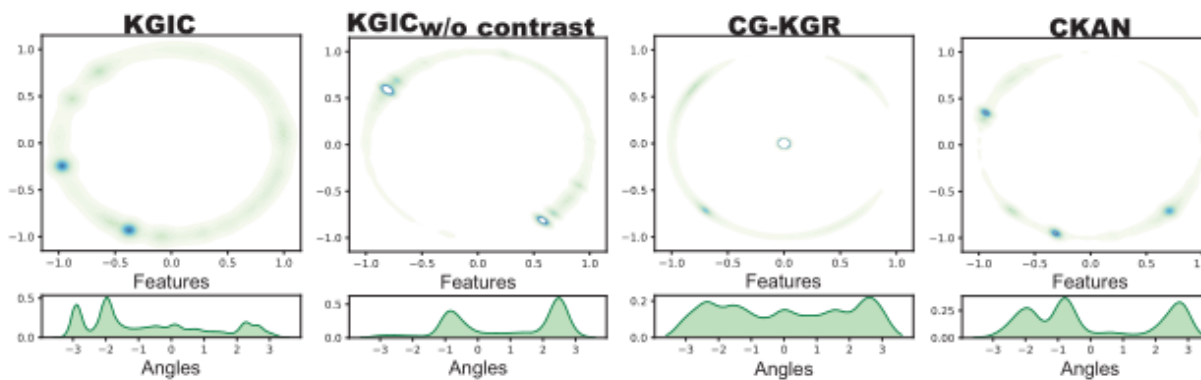
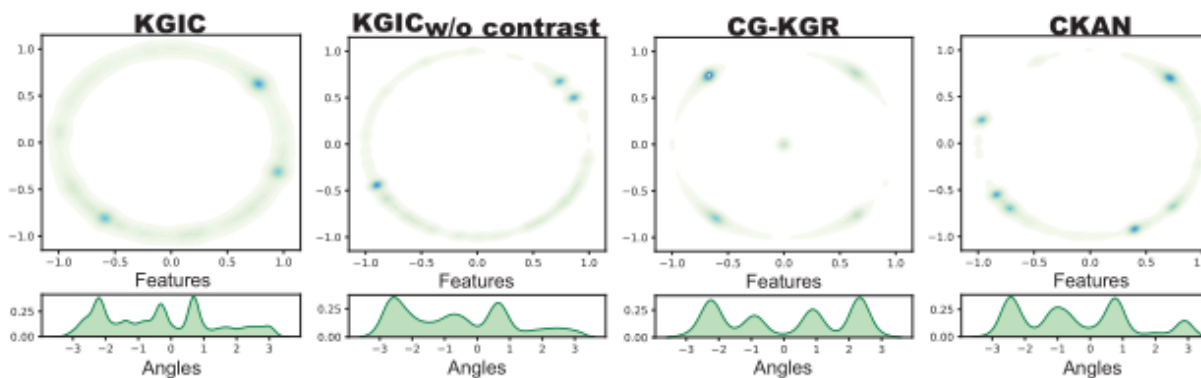


Figure 6: Impact of temperature τ

Experiment



(a) Book



(b) Music

Figure 7: Visualization for the distribution of item embeddings.



Thank you!